Homework 1

Create a hw1 repository on github and make it within the biodataprog organization

Write a bash / shell script to accomplish the following tasks. Remeber you can make a shell script as a series of commands just as you would type on the command line.

1. Getting data

- Use a cmdline downloading program (e.g. curl) to download this BLAST report from the web: Ecoli-vs-Yersinia.BLASTP.tab.gz
- Print out how big this file is (in kilobytes)?

2. Compressing and uncompressing

- Uncorpress this file with gunzip.
- How big is the uncompressed file (in kilobases)?

3. Counting and viewing (Using this BLAST report)

- Print out the first 25 lines of the file
- Print out the last 3 lines of the file
- Print the total number lines in the file

4. Sorting

- Obtain the data file Nc3H.expr.tab. This file contains gene expression value assigned to each gene in the *Neurospora crassa* (a fungus) genome.
- Sort the file based on the FPKM column (which is the gene expression) (write out to a new file called Nc20H.expr.sorted.tab). Remember the in-class introduction to sorting which ignores the header. Note your sorting will be more complicated than what is depicted here. shell (head -n 1 <filename> && tail -n +2 <filename> | sort) > newfile
- Print out a list of the top 10 most highly expressed genes based on FPKM.

5. Finding and Counting

- Report the number of CDS features in this genbank file see for example this explanation of a genbank file if you are not familiar.
- Print how many sequence alignments are 100% identical in the previously downloaded file Ecoli-vs-Yersinia.BLASTP.tab.
- Print how many sequence alignments are 90% identical or better in the previously downloaded file Ecoli-vs-Yersinia.BLASTP.tab. (Hint, review the options in awk for filtering or processing column delimited data).

6. Sort and Uniq

- Obtain the file listing the standard codons and amino acids translations. codon_table.txt. Column 1 is the codon, Column 2 is the amino acid, and Column 3 is the Amino acid written out.
- Print out the name or symbol of each amino acid and how many codons encode that amino acid. (e.g. Lysine/K is encoded by 2 codons)